Hours' Deliberation.

he and his wife advanced Bo's'n Herbert

Brownlow of Tennessee.

licans in Washington, it has been deter-

mined to "try" Representative William P.

Brownlow of Tennessee on charges of

By confessing to plagiarism, it is

STATEHOOD BILL IN SENATE.

Committee on Territories Orders It to Be

Favorably Reported.

as one State.

him a good crack.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 .- The Statehood

HAYES? NOT FOR FRAWLEY.

many Starts Him a-Going.

purpose of consoling with Charles F.

again until Monday Senator Frawley un-

loaded on some of his friends who were at

the Hall the expressions of feeling he had

apparently been saving up for Mr. Murphy.

Nick Hayes is being spoken of for leader of Tammany Hall. If ever he should be

made leader I would get out of the organiza-

tion after I had waited long enough to hand

which he seemed to be laboring Mr. Frawley did not wait to explain what sort of a crack

he would deal, but went on: "There is only

the intensity of the emotion under

Frawley was asked if he thought

New Cable Towers for N. Y. Central.

Building Bureau for two three story cable

towers to be built for the New York Central

"I have been reading," he said, "that

Chairman Cortelyou

not stand.

his testimony.

LOSE FIGHT FOR 8 HOUR LAW IN CANAL ZONE.

The House in Committee of the Whole Adopts Resolution Eliminating the Eight Hour Law by a Vote of 140 to 102-It Affects Allen Labor Only.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 .- By the exercise of a little ingenuity and through the facile operation of the Committee on Rules the majority of the House of Representatives was enabled to-day to restore to the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill the provision relieving the Panama Canal Commission from the limitations of the eight hour law in the work of constructing the interoceanic canal, which went out of the bill on a point of order made by Minority Leader Williams

on Tuesday last This measure has been recommended by the canal commission and urged by the Administration in the interests of the economical construction of the canal, Chief Engineer Stevens declaring that it would result in a saving of 20 per cent, in the cost of digging the canal. The necessity for the enactment of the proposed provision lay in the fact that Attorney-General Moody had decided that the eight hour law applied to the Canal Zone.

In view of the critici ms that had been made on the provision the Committee on Rules amended it so that the repeal of the eight hour law shall affect only alien labor in the Canal Zone, and as thus amended it reported a resolution that it should be in order as an amendment to the bill. The resolution was vigorously opposed by the Democrats and advocated by the Republicans, charges of hypocrisy and playing politics being bandied back and forth across

The demand for the previous question was seconded on a rising vote, 116 to 93, but Mr. Williams in his eagerness to defeat the proposition made the point that no quorum

"On the contrary," emphatically retorted Speaker Cannon, "a quorum is present." [Bang!]

Then Mr. Williams demanded and secured a vote by yeas and nays, and the previous question was ordered—yeas, 153, nays, 96. Explaining the resolution, Mr. Dalzell and it was believed there were controlling reasons why the exceptions should be made so far as it relates to alien labor em-ployed in the construction of the canal. Therefore it had been deemed best to per-mit the House to declare itself on the prop-

osition in the form proposed.

Minority Leader Williams, opposing the resolution, charged the Republican par y-"of which, Mr. Speaker, you are the dis-tinguished chief, outside of the White House"—with hypocritical pretence in this matter. He had said some time ago that "one more drop would overflow the cup of your insolence and triumph. This is about that drop," he added. Either the eight hour law was wise and patriotic, he con-tinued, or it was not. If it were wise and patriotic in the United States it would be

vise and patriotic on the Isthmus. Mr. Tawney (Rep., Minn.) charged the Democrats with playing politics in this economic question because they thought economic question because they thought they saw an opportunity to use to advan-tage an appeal to the prejudices of labor. The resolution was agreed to, 146 to 102. On this Mr. Underwood (Dem., Ala.) voted aye, and upon the announcement

of the result moved a reconsideration in the effort to initiate a filibuster, the first the session. Mr. Dalzell (Rep., Pa.)—I move to lay

that motion on the table. Mr. Williams—And on that motion, Mr. Speaker, I demand the yeas and nays.

The demand for the yeas and nays was seconded by only twenty Democrats, the bulk of whom had disappeared, in furtherance of the filibuster, to break a quorum.

Against taking the yout by yeas and nays.

Against taking the vote by yeas and nays 101 Republicans voted, the demand not teing supported by one-fifth of those voting. Mr. Williams—I make the point that no quorum is present.
Mr. Payne and several others—The roll-

call showed a quorum.

Speaker Cannon—The rollcall of a few

minutes ago demonstrated the presence of a quorum, but the Chair will resolve the doubt in the gentleman's favor and will there was a scurrying to and fro to bring

absent members in from the restaurant and committee rooms, and in a few min-utes the Speaker announced 194 members present, and the motion to reconsider was aid on the table.

Then followed a motion to adjourn, with nsuccessful demands for the yeas and nays. The Democratic absentees persist-ently remained out of the hall and rendered abortive the efforts of their leaders to delay proceedings. An amusing and good natured parliamentary duel took place between Speaker Cannon and Minority Leader Williams over the former's count of a

Mr. Williams inquired if the Speaker had counted all the members?
The Speaker—The Chair had just counted 174 Republicans and added 37 Democrats,

making a quorum.

Twenty minutes having been occupied in this synt of byplay, the House went into Committee of the Whole to consider the

appropriation bill.

Mr. Littauer (Rep., N. Y.) offered the eight hour amendment, which several Democrats opposed. Champ Clark of Missouri gave notice that as soon as he could draw it he would introduce a bill specially extending the Chinese exclusion act to the Canal Zapa and make it included a pagages. Canal Zone and make it include Japanese

olies as well. 'All coolies look alike to me," he said. The amendment was agreed to, 83 to 35.
The "farmer" vote in the Committee of the Whole was not strong enough to secure an increuse of \$135,000 in the deficiency appropriation for pork inspection by the Agricultural Department, asserted to be necessary on account of the demand for the American product in view of the taking effect of the new German tariff on March 1. Mr. Tawney, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, severely criticised Sec-retaries Wilson of the Agricultural Depart-ment and Bonaparte of the Navy Depart-

ment for the course they pursued toward deficiency appropriations. He said: "This is an illustration and a most conspicuous one, of which we had another in the papers this morning, by the Secretary of the Navy of the attempts to coorce Congress into giving appropriations be-yond that which it has provided in the reg-ular appropriation bills. This is the system followed by heads of departments not able to secure the amounts of the deficiency appropriation that they want. They appeal to the public on the ground of the popularity of their particular department in the hope of coercing Congress into increasing appropriations was beyond the ing appropriations even beyond the estimates which they themselves have made. When the committee gives the Secretary of Agriculture what he asks what justification has he got for going out and publishing, as he has been doing in interviews in the press, that unless we give him \$135,000 fifty millions of meat contracts will be lost

to the American people?"

The amendment was rejected 42 to 71. Without further amendment the bill was reported to the House. A separate vote was demanded on the eight hour law amendment by Champ Clark and the House, pending which a motion to adjourn was made. The yeas and nays on the amendment were asked by Mr. Tawney, and the demand seconded; whereupon, the Republicans having returned to the chamber in sufficiant numbers, a motion to adjourn until to-morrow was declared carried.

Report of Isle of Pines Treaty Delayed.

WASHINGTON an. 26.—The treaty ceding the Isle of Pines to Cuba has not yet been reported to the Senate, although the Com mittee on Foreign Relations voted several days ago to report it favorably. The de-lay in submitting the report to the Senate is due, it is understood, to the fact that the committee has accorded to Senator Morgan of Alabama time in which to prepare a minority report which proposes certain modifications in the treat protect American property interests in the island.

## FILIPINOS DISTURBED. Gov. Ide Asks for Denial of Rumor of Sale

of Islands to Japan. WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 .- Acting Gov. Ide of the Philippines has sent the following

Been Seeing Ghosts.

sugar and tobacco people in the United

States who feared the effect of the bill have

been "seeing ghosts." The bill in his

judgment, if it became a law, would not

appreciably affect any American interest

He did not advocate free trade imme-

diately, but believed that after three years,

as provided by the House bill, it could be

successfully employed. To abolish customs

duties entirely now would make it necessary

to increase internal taxation. The feature

of the bill which permitted the introduction free of duty into the Philippines of sugar and tobacco from the United States would

not hurt Philippine revenue, but would certainly open up a market for American wrapper tobacco.

COLE MUST SERVE HIS TIME.

The President Again Refuses Clemency to

declined for the second time to commute

the sentence of Charles H. Cole, former

president of the Globe National Bank of

the books and of misapplying the moneys,

ment for eight years in the jail at Green-

he thought, under the circumstances, the

sentence was not excessive.

The case was reopened by direction of

INFORMATION THAT CAME HIGH.

Took a Clerk Eight Months to Prepare a

Response to a House Resolution.

information in response to some resolu-

the statement transmitted to the House by

and upon whose account the transport service was credited with \$78,422.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.-The cruisers

Olympia and Des Moines have arrived at

Hampton Roads, the cruiser Charleston at

Norfolk, the gunboat Wasp at Boston, the

collier Leonidas at Culebra, the gunboat

Nashville at Puerto Plata, the destroyers

Army and Navy Orders.

inese navai orders were issued:
Surgeon C. F. Stokes, from Naval Medical School,
Washington, to command naval hospital at San
Juan, P. R.
Surgeon J. G. Field, from the Celtic to home.
Assistant Surgeon E. L. Jones, to naval hospital,
Mare, Island.

Assistant Surgeon E. L. Jones, to naval nospital, Mare Island.
Assistant Surgeon W. N. McDonell, from naval station, Culebra, to the Maine.
Assistant Surgeon H. F. Hull, from naval hospital, New York, to naval station, Culebra.

The Weather.

The storm which was off the Florida peninsula on Thursday was more definitely outlined yester-

day on the coast of the Carolinas and was causing

rain along the south Atlantic coast and snow in the interior of Georgia and South Carolina. An

inoffensive low pressure area was apparent in

the extreme southwest and another of no great

energy was central north of Minnesota. Every-where west of the Atlantic coast the weather con-

In Minnesota and the Dakotas the temperature

was from 10 to 14 degrees higher. In other districts

In this city the day was partly cloudy; about stationary temperature; wind, fresh northeast; average humidity, 71 per cent.; barometer, cor-

rected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.64; 3 P. M.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the

official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

1996, 1995, 1995, 1990, 1990, 1996, 9 A.M. 28°, 2° 6 P. M. 25°, 12°, 2 M. 35°, 7° 9 P. M. 55°, 10°, 3 P. M. 35°, 14° 12 Mid. 34°, 11°.

Lowest temperature, 20°, at 5:15 A.M.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FORTO-DAY AND TO-MORROW For eastern New York and New England, fair

day, except rain or snow in extreme south portion;

rain to morrow: fresh to brisk northeast winds.
For New Jersey, eastern Pennsylvania and

Virginia, rain to day; fair to morrow; brisk north-

the changes were slight.

These naval orders were issued:

ssued to-day:

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 .- These army orders were

Washington, Jan. 26.—The President has

Former President of a Boston Bank.

for a quarter of a century.

telegram to Secretary of War Taft: "Natives much disturbed by cable stating Admits That He Did Very Little to Earn It Ambassador Wright has been authorized to negotiate sale of islands to Japan. Au-Canal Employees-Did Bring Women thentic denial from you might be useful.' From Martinione to Canal Zone. Secretary Taft sent the following reply:

"The cabled statement referred to in WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 .- At the executive your telegram has not the slightest vestige ession of the Interoceanic Canal Committee to-day President T. P. Shonts of the Canal of truth. It is not only untrue, but ab-Commission admitted that he was drawing | charged them that if money had been paid \$12,000 a year salary from the Clover Leaf WRIGHT ON PHILIPPINE BILL.

Railroad Company. Mr. Shonts was before the committee at Those Who Fear Its Effect, He Says, Have two hearings to-day. The first, in the morning, was behind closed doors. Labor WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 .- Luke Wright, and sanitary conditions were discussed. former Governor of the Philippines, was At the afternoon session, which was public, before the Senate Committee on the Philip-Mr. Shonts told of the repairs made upon pines to-day. He declared that the beet nouses to shelter employees.

SHONTS TO SENATE COMMITTEE

STILL DRAWING \$12,000 SAPARY

FROM CLOVER LEAF R. R.

The French, he said, left 2,100 houses in more or less dilapidated condition, and of this number 1,000 had been repaired and made habitable. Hotels had been enlarged and some new hotels built.

Senator Morgan inquired whether the hotels and houses already there would not be sufficient for all needs if the canal work was built by contract. Mr. Shonts replied in the affirmative, and

added that no matter whether the canal was built by contract or otherwise the United States ought to retain absolute control over the Canal Zone and direct the sanitation. He expressed the opinion that the Governor of the Canal Zone ought to reside and have his headquarters at Ancon, which is adjacent to Panama.

Buildings had been set apart he said

which is adjacent to Panama.

Buildings had been set apart, he said, for churches and schools. The food supply and housing arrangements were better than usually provided for railroad construction work in the United States. The water supply was drawn from the Rio Grande River and impounded near Ancon for use on the Panama side. Analysis showed the water to be pure. Three thousand five hundred white and 24,000 colored employees were about all that could be Gov. Wright said that most of the refined sugar used in the Philippine Islands came from Hongkong, and that the higher freight rates of the United States would affect the importations from the United States. Senator Burrows of Michigan, who is poosed to the House bill, inquired if it would not be better to encourage the hemp would not be better to encourage the hemp industry, which did not conflict so much with American interests.

Gov. Wright said this was impractical, because two-thirds of the population of the Philippines now resided within three miles of the coast, and the lands on which they were located could not be used for hemp culture, being fitted only for sugar, tobacco and rice. It would be out of the question to try to get these people to remove into the interior to develop the hemp industry and abandon their present occupations growing tobacco, rice and sugar. employees were about all that could be employed at present.

Mr. Shonts was asked by Senator Gorman

how he came to change the plans of Engineer Wallace. "We thought it well to get ready first and

we thought it wen to get ready hist and dig afterwards," he replied, "and I think public opinion sustains that policy."

Mr. Gorman inquired if it wasn't true that Mr. Shonts had said before he went to Panama that when he arrived there he intended to "make dirt fly."

"I never heard that statement," replid President Shonts. "I did say that I hoped to make dirt fly by next July."

Mr. Shonts's statement concerning his relations with the Clover Leaf Railroad came out at the moraning session which

ations growing tobacco, rice and sugar.
Gov. Wright said the condition of sugar
growing in the islands was deplorable.
The lands were m ortgaged to the limit. came out at the morning session, which was executive. He was asked to state his connection with the road and whether he performed any service. He replied that he received a salary of \$12,000 a year, but did comparatively nothing. Officers of the road had come to Washington once or twice to confer with him, and papers had been sent to him here for approval. President Shonts corrected a statement

Boston. Cole pleaded guilty in the United made before the Senate Appropriations mmittee to the effect that the Panama States District Court for the District of Massachusetts to making false entries in Commission had not paid the expenses of bringing in women from Martinique to the Canal Zone. The commission had paid \$7 a head to the steamship companies funds and credits of the bank, and on May 14, 1900, was sentenced to imprisonfor the transportation of the women from Martinique. He was led into error in his previous statement by the fact that the field, Mass. His term of imprisonment, with good time allowance, will expire in ouchers before him, on which he relied. exactly one year from this time.

The petition for his pardon was filed in February, 1904, and on June 23, 1904, the President denied the application, because had charged up the expenses to "the labor account." Subsequently Engineer Stevens had explained to Mr. Shonts that the expenditure had been approved by him because in order to secure a certain high class labor from Martinique it was necessary promise that the women members of the the President in August last in order to permit Cole to file additional papers in this case. Cole relied on these papers to show family should accompany the laborers. Under these circumstances President Shonts approved the action of the coman alleged agreement or understanding made with the bank officers, the bank examiner and the Comptroller of the Currency to the effect that if he made good his irregularities to the bank he would not be prosecuted. The President again declined to commute the sentence, however. mission's agent in making "the expendi-ture." "These women," said Mr. Shonts, "are mostly employed as domestics or laborers and are all wives or otherwise related to the laborers."

Mr. Shonts, in reply to further questions

from Senator Gorman, explained that Gov Magoon's cooperation as a member of the executive committee of the commission was carried on by cable. "It appears to me that the cable would

be a very unsatisfactory way of carrying on such business," said Mr. Gorman. President Shonts said he and Gov. Magoon giarized and adapted as his own a speech delivered before the Stark county, Ohio, Farmers' Alliance by a Republican no less distinguished than the party's candidate for President, William McKinley. WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.-An example of the time and cost expended in preparing kept in close touch and that the method had proved entirely satisfactory. He said the commission approved every contract and tions of Congress was afforded to-day in "After it is done?" suggested Mr. Gorman,

Secretary Taft regarding the transport service. The resolution was passed by the House on February 7, 1905. From that who disapproved this plan. I have been in too many corporations,"

"I have been in too many corporations," said Mr. Gorman, "not to know that that method is merely pro forma."

President Shonts insisted that the approval was not pro forma. He added that the President Shorts insisted that the approval was not pro forma. He added that the President of the United State had not been breathed in Washington, and it is said to be recorded that he has taken to his provide that the United State had not been breathed in Washington, and it is said to be recorded that the has taken to his provide the United State had not been feeded to be a suspicion of his disloyalty has been breathed in Washington, and it is said to be recorded to state that the provide the provide that the provide the provide the provide that the provide the provide the provide that the provide the provide that the provide that the provide the provide that the provide time until October a clerk in the Quarter-master's off co of the War Department was employed for the greater part of his time compiling the information, which shows, besides the cost of the several trans-ports, that during the fiscal year ended proval was not pro forma. He added that the President of the United States had not the President of the United States had not disapproved of a single act of the Canal Commission, but had disapproved of two acts of the Panama Railroad directors. "Generally, how much have you expended for the Panama Railroad?" inquired Mr. June 30, 1904, 2,692 civilian passengers were carried on these boats and that there was

turned into the treasury on account of these passengers \$294,246. Of these 2,692 Gorman. "I don't believe we have expended a cent," persons 909 were civilian employees of the United States entitled to transportation.

replied Mr. Shonts.
Mr. Shonts was asked by Senator Morgan Mr. Shonts was asked by Senator Morgan to name the directors of the Panama Rail-road. When he named Mr. Farnham Sena-tor Morgan asked: "Who is Farnham?" "He is as sociated with William Nelson Cromwell, I believe," replied President

"A sleeping partner," suggested Senator Morgan.
President Shonts-I never caught him asleep.
Senator Morgan—Well, Cromwell never sleeps; they ought to make a wide awake

Hopkins, Worden, Truxtun, MacDonough and Stewart at San Juan and the tug Rocket at Washington.

The gunboat Newport has sailed from Santo Domingo City for San Juan; the training ship Severn, tug Mohawk and torpedo boat Manly from Annapolis for Norfolk. Mr. Gorman inquired what salaries the Panama Railroad directors received.

"Not a cent," replied Mr. Shonts.

"What salary does Mr. Cromwell receive?" "What salary does Mr. Cromwell receive?" inquired Mr. Morgan.
"He receives \$6,000 a year as counsel for the Panama Hailroad," said Mr. Shonts.
To further questions by the Alabama Senator Mr. Shonts said he heard unofficially that Mr. Cromwell was "a small stock-bolder" in an electrical company in the

holder" in an electrical company in the Canal Zone. issued to-day:
First Lleut. William W. Ballard, Jr., Artillery,
to Washington Hospital for treatment.
These officers are detailed as members of the
General Staff corps: Capt. Ralph H. Van Deman.
Twenty first Infantry, and Capt. George H. Sheiton, Elevento Infantry: Capt. Van Deman to Manila and Capt. Sheiton to Washington. "It is the first time I ever heard of Mr. Cromwell being a small stockholder in anything," said Mr. Morgan with a decided emphasis on the adjective.

Prestent Shonts will resume his hearing

CREATES NEW OFFICES.

Mr. Littlefield Says That 24 Are Provided For in the Urgent Deficiency Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Pursuing a policy upon which he entered last year, Mr. Littlefield (Rep., Me.) during the consideration of the Urgent Deficiency bill in the House this week has been asking questions about this week has been asking questions about increased expenditures and the creation of new offices. On the latter point he said to-day that when the bill was first taken up he had been told that it provided for two or three new offices, whereas a study of the measure showed that twenty-four new

the measure snowed that twenty-four new offices were created.

This was brought out by the provision in the bill for an assistant chief of the Bureau of Manufactures, which Mr. Mann (Rep., III.) criticised. Mr. Littauer (Rep., N. Y.), in charge of the measure, said he agreed with Mr. Mann that the Bureau of Manufactures and control of the measure of Manufactures and control of the measure of t with Mr. Mann that the Bureau of Manufactures as at present organized and conducted served no good or useful purpose, simply duplicating work done in the State Department. The provision for an assistant chief remained in the bill.

Proposed Memorial to Christopher Columbus WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.-Representative Goulden of New York to-day introduced a bill to provide for the erection in Washington of a memorial to Christopher Columbus. The measure directs a commission consist-For New Jersey, eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware, rain or snow to-day; clearing to-morrow; brisk northeast shifting to north winds.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland and District of Columbia, District of Columbia, Distr Columbus to select a site and determine upon the character of the proposed memorial. One hundred thousand dollars is east to north winds.
For western Pennsylvania and western New York, fair to-day and to morrow; light to fresh the bill.

One hundred thousand domain is appropriated to carry out the purposes of the bill.

PARKER VERDICT SEALED. KING ALFONSO, ARDENT LOVER Jury in Insurance Case Agrees After Seven

GOES THROUGH RAIN STORM TO The jury in the suit of the Liverpool and SPEND DAY WITH FIANCEE. London and Globe Insurance Company against Mrs. Susan Day Parker for \$7,000 in the United States Circuit Court came Princess Ena and Her Mother to Be Re-Tells of Repairs to Houses to Shelter | to an agreement last night after deliberatceived by Ex-Queen Christina To-moring for seven hours and their sealed verrow-Kalser Said to Have Opposed the dict will be opened by Judge Wheeler at Match-Marriage on King's Birthday. 10 o'clock this morning. The jury retired Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. at 1:25 o'clock yesterday afternoon and

BIARRITZ, Jan. 26.-Although King Alsoon returned and asked the Judge to defonso did not reach Miramar Palace, San fine the word "compromise." He had Sebastian, until after midnight this morning after his visit to Princess Ena, who is as a compromise the plaintiff's case could stopping at Mouriscot Villa here, he started for Biarritz again at 8:30 o'clock in the At 5:40 o'clock the jury returned again morning. It was raining heavily and his and announced that they could not agree. Majesty came in a closed automobile. Judge Wheeler then ordered them to be He lunched with Princess Beatrice and locked up until they reached a verdict.

Princess Ena, and in the afternoon, the Lawyer Cardoza continued summing up weather having improved, he took them for the plaintiff yesterday. He reviewed on an automobile trip. the testimony, pointing out that although He returned to San Sebastian by train. Dr. Parker lost his fortune in 1903, yet

He will come here again to-morrow. Ex-Queen Christina, King Alfonso's Nickerson \$5,700 early the next year, on which they received no interest and had but flimsy security. Nickerson testified Cardiff had offered him \$4,000 to corroborate mother, will arrive at San Sebastian tomorrow, and will receive Princess Beatrice and Princess Ena there on Sunday. Among the gossip afloat is a story of

"The charge that Capt. Cardiff wilfully burned the Scythian at Dr. Parker's order is not an issue in the case," he said. "But Capt. Cardiff's story in all essential particulars has plenty of corroboration. You cannot believe that all of those six or more witnesses committed rocture." German intrigue to prevent the engagesaid that some of the King's suite were won over to dissuade his Majesty from entering into an engagement, they allegg that the Princess had a bad temper. The official ban placed on

witnesses committed perjury."

Mrs. Parker was aroused by the speech of the opposing lawyer. As it ended she almost rose to her feet and pounded her photographers, who were not permitted knee with her cleenched fist.

In charging the jury Judge Wheeler declared the only point at issue was whether or not Mrs. Parker had obtained from the plaintiffs money to which she was not entitled. If the \$21,000 paid to Mrs. Parker was in comprehensive the with respectively. to enter the grounds of Mouriscot Villa, has been removed owing to King Alfonso's intervention. The freedom is being fully availed of. All bona fide photographers are admitted and allowed to take snap shots to their hearts' content. Such a liberty is contrary to the English royal customs, but the Spanish customs are ACCUSED OF PARTY TREASON. much freer. It is stated that the Princesses Charges Lodged Against Congressman complained to King Alfonso about the annoyance caused by photographers following them ever sinc they have been here. WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 .- According to the The King replied: "You can stop the statement of prominent Tennessee Repub-

annoyance in five minutes. Give them carte blanche to do as they like, and they will go away and leave you in peace." Hence the removal of the ban. The King himself, according to report, is pestered

party treason. These charges, it is declared, have been lodged with the Presiby French reporters. While he was in the dent by friends of the Hon. H. Clay Evans, station to-night waiting for his train a former Pension Commissioner and later reporter persisted in having an interview United Stat Consul-General to London. who is a passive candidate for the Repubwith him. The King finally repelled him, saying: lican nomination for Governor. The Presi-"I am well disposed toward journalists

dent, it is said, will turn the matter over to in general, but you must surely see that Asbury Wright of Rockwood, Tenn., is you are behaving indecorously in trying to force yourself on me at such a time. the only active candidate for the Republican PARIS, Jan. 26.-King Alfonso had a formal nomination for Governor of that State, interview with Princess Henry of Battenand while it is admitted that ostensibly

berg at Biarritz yesterday, says the Echo de Representative Brownlow is giving him Paris, at which he asked for the hand of her support the charge against him is that daughter, Princess Ena, in marriage. She he is secretly giving aid and comfort as gave her full consent. The engagement well as support to Gov. John I. Cox, a Demowill be officially announced after it has been crat, who is seeking to succeed himself. Gov. Cox's opponents for the Democratic | aid before the Council of Ministers at Madrid and the Council has notified the Spanish nomination are Representative Patterson Government by a message to the Cortes. of Memphis and Judge John R. Bond. Gov. The Petit Journal says that the marriage Cox is said to be a business associate and will take place on May 17, Alfonso's 20th warm personal friend of Representative birthday anniversary. Brownlow.

The charge of party treason is said to be

PROTECTION FOR JEWS. United States Suggests That Moroccan Conference Give Guarantee.

The charge of party treason is said to be the second of the sort made against the Tennessee Congressman, and the story is told that when Mr. Brownlow was first a candidate for Congress, in 1896, he announced himself as a free silver candidate and made a speech to the Republicans of his district in which he eloquently pleaded for the cause of the white metal. Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN.
PARIS, Jan. 26.—The United States Gov his district in which he eloquently pleaded for the cause of the white metal.

This was before the St. Louis convention of that year, which adopted a gold plank and nominated McKinley. Mr. Brownlow's enemies, the Evans faction, thereupon charged him with "party treason" and notified Chairman Hanna that Brownlow was a free silverity. ernment, according to a despatch from Algeciras to the E-lair, has indicated a desire that the Morocco conference now in session guarantee the protection of the Jews in Morocco. It is generally feared, however, the despatch says, that if such free silverite.

Mr. Brownlow's reply is said to have been that while he did not feel himself competent a guaranțee were accorded it would be at the risk of exciting an outbreak of Mussulto digest the question of free silver and compose a speech, but having a tendency to favor that side of the issue, he had plaman fanaticism.

ALGECIRAS, Jan. 26 .- The Moroccan conference is now engaged in discussing the subject of taxation. The harmony between the delegates continues to increase. It is

reached. Mr. Brownlow was acquitted of the charge of party treason and was elected to Con-gress. He has been reelected ever since Mr. Henry White, head of the American mission, said in an interview that he was pleased with the universal courtesy and mutual confidence of the delegates, which exceeded anything one dared hope for before the conference began. This, he added, augured well for a final settlement which though of course uncertain, it was to be hoped would be satisfactory to all.

KAISER'S ADVICE TO CADETS. Tells Them to Lead Simple Lives and, Above

bill passed yesterday by the House was to-day ordered favorably reported by the All, Avoid Gambling. Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Berlin, Jan. 26.—The Kaiser, at a review Senate Committee on Territories. The committee made several amendments to of the cadets who are about to enter the the text of the bill, most of them of minor importance. Chief of these was the ad-dition of a clause extending to Indian Terarmy, urged them to live a simple, unostentatious life. He reminded them that Prussia had attained greatness through ritory the laws of Oklahoma for the punishment of election crimes.

The vote on reporting the bill was strictly hunger.

Above all, he warned them against gambling, which, he said, undermined comradeship and was morally destructive.

along party lines, the Democratic members of the committee opposing the measure because it admits Arizona and New Mexico DEAD MAN DECLARED ELECTED. Irish Candidate Expires at End of Suc cessful Campaign.

Talk of Change in the Leadership of Tam-Special Cable Despatch to THE SEN LONDON, Jan. 26.—Thomas Higgins, the Nationalist candidate for Parliament for Senator James J. Frawley, the Tammany leader of the Thirty-second district, went the N rth Division of County Galway, was to Tammany Hall yesterday for the avower. found dead in his bed this morning. The poll was held yesterday and the votes were Murphy. He waited some time for counted to-day. The dead man was for-Mr. Murphy to show up, and when word mally declared to have been elected by a finally came that Mr. Murphy would not majority of 1,521. be at the Fourteenth street headquarters

WRONG GENERAL MURDERED. Prosorovsky, One Almed At. Notified That Error Will Be Rectified.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Jan. 26 .- A news agency spatch from St. Petersburg says that the revolutionists state that Gen. Livorsky was murdered in mistake for Gen. Prosorovsky, chief of the gendarmerie. The latter is notified that the error will be rectified as soon as a favorable opportunity arises.

Sir Edward Thornton Dead.

one man who could ever draw me away from Murphy, and that man is 3,000 miles away from us over the sea. Yes, I mean Croker, and unless Croker should come back to take up the leadership I'm for Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Jan. 26 .- Sir Edward Thornton, who was the British Minister to the United Murphy.

"All this talk about Tammany being de-States in 1867 and was afterward Am-All this talk about laminary being de-pendent upon patronage in order to keep it together is all mush. Why, not 5 per cent, of the membership of Tammany Hall holds offices under the city govern-ment. Tammany Hall is not an organizabassador to Russia and to Turkey, died today at the age of 89.

MINERS NEAR A SPLIT.

tion formed to get patronage. Tammany Hall is a sentiment, and for that reason it will always be strong and always hold Convention Almost Disrupted Over Question of Enlarging Joint Ceoference. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 26.-For five hours to-day the United Mine Workers' Mr. Murphy would come out for Hearst for Governor. "I don't know," he replied, "but I do know that Hearst was never opposed to Tammany Hall; he was only opposed to Mayor McClellan. convention was on the verge of disruption. Vice-President Lewis was on one side and President Mitchell, though defining his position very guardedly, was known to be on the other, and on occasions there were hot speeches which breathed of secession and the possible formation of another or-Plans have been filed with The Bronx

ganization. The convention reassembled to consider the refusal of the operators to admit the operators and miners of the Southwestern Railroad, one at the Harlem River and 161st street and the second on Exterior street north of Broachay. They are designed by Morgan M. O'Brien and are to cost \$10,000. States to the joint conference. Mitchell favored receding from the de-mand. Later in the evening this was done,

and the joint conference was renewed.

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"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS,"

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FRANCE MAY TRY EMBARGO. Preliminary Step in Her Campaign Against Venezuela.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Jan. 28.-It is learned that France has decided upon a course of action with regard to Venezuela, to which the approval of the United States has been received Absolute secrecy is maintained as to the

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.-The French Government is now considering a plan of laying an embargo against Venezuelan products, ment of the King and Princess Ena. It is and it is believed that this course of action will be taken by the French Government, pending a decision as to the precise course France shall pursue in obtaining satisfaction from the Venezuelan Government for the insults to M. Taigny, until recently the French diplomatic representative at Caracas. The plan has been receiving consideration, and, according to a diplomat here it will be adopted. .

It is considered at Paris that such a scheme will effectively bring to the attention of the Venezuelan Government the true feelings of France regarding the recent ejection of M. Taigny from Venezuela. The embargo would be maintained until the result of the Moroccan conference at Algeciras is made clear. France has no desire to proceed with Venezuela until it is clear that she will not become involved with some other and stronger country. The State Department received a despatch

from Mr. Russell, the American Minister to Venezuela, to-day, the first that has reached Washington from Caracas for nearly a Mr. Russell, it is said, did not refer to the difficulty between France and Venezuela, but reported that he had used his good offices with satisfactory results toward reestablishing diplomatic relations between Colombia and Venezuela, which were suddenly severed by President Castro six weeks ago. Although Mr. Russeil has not completed his work, his success in bringing the two countries together again seems assured.

An officer of Castro's army whom Castro desired imprisoned slipped across the border into Colombia. He landed at a small frontier town. Castro directed his (onsul at that place to cause the officer's arrest The Consul called upon the authorities, but when they arrived the officer had fled Castro, in a rage, recalled his Consul and directed that the offices of the Consul-General at Bogota be closed.

MRS. POTTER FREE OF DEBTS. Actress Gets a Discharge in Bankruptes in London.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. London, Jan. 26.-Mrs. James Brown Potter, the actress, obtained relief from her financial troubles to-day when the court granted her a discharge in bankruptcy. The actress's reverses were due to a disastrous season in "Du Barry" at the Imperial Theatre. A receiving order in bankruptcy was granted on her own petition last July.

NEW GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER. Von Tschirsky Succeeds the Late Baron Von Richthofen. Special Cable Despatch to THE SEN

BERLIN, Jan. 26.-Herr von Tschirsky, hoped that the good feeling is too solid to Prussian Minister to Hamburg, has been be broken before the important points are appointed German Minister of Foreign Affairs in place of the late Baron von Richthofen.

> Herr H. von Tschirsky und Bogendorff is a Saxon. He is known to be a close personal friend of Emperor William. Among the important posts he has held have been Counsellor of the German Embassy at St. Petersburg and Minister Resident at Luxemburg.

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With Irritating Skin Humor-Whole Body Affected - Scalp Itched All the Time and Hair Began to Fall Out-Wonderful Result From

APPLICATION OF CUTICURA REMEDIES

"I am never without Cuticura Soap

and Cuticura Cintment since I tried them last summer. About the latter part of July my whole body began to itch. I did not take much notice of t at first, but it began to get worse all the time, and then I began to get uneasy and tried all kinds of baths and other remedies that were recommended for skin humors; but I became worse all the time. My hair began to fall out and my scalp itched all the time. Especially at night, just as soon as I would get in bed and get warm, my whole body would begin to itch and my finger nails would keep it irritated, and it was not long before I could not rest night or day. A friend asked me to try the Cuticura Remedies, and I did, and the first application helped me wonderfully. For about four weeks I would take a hot bath every night and then apply the Cuticura Ointment to my whole body; and I kept getting better, and by the time I used four boxes of Cuticura I was entirely cured, and my hair stopped falling out, but I continue to use the Cuticura on my scalp. It keeps all dan-druff out and scalp is always clean. I always use Cuticura Ointment on my face after shaving, and have found nothing to equal it. I will never be without it." D. E. Blankenship,

319 N. Del. St.,

Oct. 27, 1905. Indianapolis, Ind.

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June 21, 1905. St. Paul Park, Minn.
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